UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the EASTERN District of NEW YORK

United States of America)	•
v.)	a v 21 H-065
QIN HUI)	Case No. 23 M 3 865
Defendant)	

ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

Part I - Eligibility for Detention

Upon	the
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- ☐ Motion of the Government attorney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or ☐ Motion of the Government or Court's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),
- the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.

Part II - Findings of Fact and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)

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	A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable
	resumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person nd the community because the following conditions have been met:
Į	☐ (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):
	☐ (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.
	§ 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or
	(b) an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or
.1 (1	(c) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
the Co m 3 cc	Controlled Substances Act (71 D.S.C. of Aut-904) the Controlled Substances Hilbort and Export Act
	(d) any felony if such person has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs
	(a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal
	jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or
	(e) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves:
	(i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and
	☐ (2) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. 1987
	§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and
1.	口 (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was
1 1 L	committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and
	☐ (4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the aphs
	defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later. feases
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9.921);

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☐ B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): Ther rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appear defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the committed one or more of the following offenses:	ance of the
☐ (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);	
☐ (2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;	
☐ (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment or more is prescribed;	of 10 years
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maxim	ıum term of
imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or	Toppersone to the distribution of the second section of the s
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1),	2245,
2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252	
2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.	serfendant.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above	, / ci (2)
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☐ The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detent	ion is
ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)	Oyears
OR	·
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The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering t presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.	he
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention	Marthe Renders
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detent the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:	ion hearing,
☐ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonate	ıbly ⁱ assure
the safety of any other person and the community.	g Korik
By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonab	ly assure
the defendant's appearance as required.	11
estending to the control of the cont	11 254 1 1
In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:	1. 战. - 张维 以 (3).
☐ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong	- 116 ALSON
☐ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted	ecaring.
Prior criminal history	
Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision	1
☐ History of violence or use of weapons	dissure
☐ History of alcohol or substance abuse	V
☐ Lack of stable employment	ristific
Lack of stable residence	\$.
☐ Lack of financially responsible sureties	12,15,16,1

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Lack of significant community or family ties to this district	
Significant family or other ties outside the United States	
Lack of legal status in the United States	
 Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration 	tale to the
 Prior failure to appear in court as ordered 	
Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement	1. to 1.
Use of alias(es) or false documents	
☐ Background information unknown or unverified	1.2
☐ Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release	
OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:	
- Purchased halse ID's - Significant nealth outside Country - inselof halse address - transfer of property to loade authorities - tail we to atheradhore to Court orders no bailpackage proppered. - intimidation of intress/	Separation and the second seco
V	

Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

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s/ Arlene R. Lindsay

United States Magistrate Judge